## Local-global principles for endomorphism rings of abelian varieties

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Let \$A\$ be an abelian variety defined over a number field \$K\$ and let  $D = \ensuremath{\mathsf{End}}_{(\operatorname{overline}{K})}(A)$ \$ be its geometric endomorphism algebra. The motivating question for this talk is how much information on \$D\$ can be recovered from the knowledge of the endomorphism rings of the reductions \$A\_{(mathfrak{p})}\$ at good places  $\operatorname{Mathfrak}{p}$ . I will describe a local-global principle satisfied by the center of \$D\$ (which allows one to characterise the center in terms of local data) and further discuss how -- in some low-dimensional situations -- considering a finite, effectively bounded number of reductions is enough to prove that \$A\$ possesses nontrivial endomorphisms.